## Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (Currently Amended) Optical inclinometer-An optical inclinometer, comprising
- a radiation source (11, 11', 11") for generating radiation (S), in particular a semiconductor laser or an LED; radiation;
- a medium (6, 6'), medium having an inclination-sensitive surface and having an the optical interface of which is inclination-dependent;
- a detector (3', 3", 3""), preferably having a CMOS or CCD microcamera, detector for recording and converting an image into signals; and
  - an evaluation unit (9', 9", 9"") for determining the an inclination;

wherein the radiation source (11, 11', 11") and the detector (3', 3", 3"") being are arranged so that the wavefront (WF2, WF3, WF4) is focused indirectly or directly, in reflection and/or transmission, onto the detector (3', 3", 3"") by means of at least a part of the medium (6, 6'); medium;

characterized in that wherein the detector (3', 3", 3"") has a wavefront sensor or the detector (3', 3", 3"") is in the form of a wavefront sensor.

- 2. (Currently Amended) Optical Inclinometer according to Claim 1, characterized in that wherein the medium has an inclination-sensitive surface, in particular is a liquid.
- 3. (Currently Amended) Optical The optical inclinometer according to Claim 1, characterized in that wherein the radiation source (11, 11', 11''', source, the medium (6, 6') and the detector (3', 3'', 3''') are arranged so that the radiation (S) radiation is fed substantially

perpendicularly to at least one surface of the medium (6, 6') during a passage through the medium (6, 6') medium.

- 4. (Currently Amended) Optical The optical inclinometer according to Claim 1, characterized in that wherein the detector (3', 3", 3"") has at least one diffractive element (14) which is arranged on an array of microlenses (7) microlenses.
- 5. (Currently Amended) Optical Inclinometer according to Claim 1, characterized in that wherein the detector (3', 3", 3"") is in the form of a Shack-Hartmann wavefront sensor or has a Shack-Hartmann wavefront sensor.
- 6. (Currently Amended) Optical The optical inclinometer according to Claim 1, characterized in that wherein the detector (3', 3", 3"") is mounted indirectly or directly on a container containing the medium (6, 6'):medium.
- 7. (Currently Amended) Optical The optical inclinometer according to Claim 1, characterized in that wherein the detector (3', 3", 3"") has a detector surface which resolves in has two dimensions, in particular having an orientation of the detector surface parallel to a surface of the medium (6, 6').dimensions.
- 8. (Currently Amended) Optical The optical inclinometer according to Claim 1, characterized in that wherein the radiation source (11, 11', 11") and the detector (3', 3", 3"") are arranged on a common base (12, 12'), common base preferably a circuit board.
- 9. (Currently Amended) Optical The optical inclinometer according to Claim 8, eharacterized in that wherein the radiation source (11, 11', 11") and the detector (3', 3", 3"") are arranged so that the radiation (S) radiation generated is emitted perpendicularly to the a surface of the base (12, 12') and the a receiving direction of the detector (3', 3", 3"") is oriented perpendicularly to the surface of the base (12, 12') the base.

- 10. (Currently Amended) Optical The optical inclinometer according to Claim 1, characterized in that wherein at least one deflection element (13', 13") is arranged in the a beam path from the radiation source (11, 11', 11") to the detector (3', 3", 3"').detector.
- 11. (Currently Amended) Optical The optical inclinometer according to Claim 1, eharacterized in that wherein at least one diffractive and/or optical-gradient element (10), in particular a Fresnel lens element is arranged in the a beam path from the radiation source (11, 11', 11") to the detector (3', 3", 3"').detector.
- 12. (Currently Amended) <u>A geodetic Geodetic device, in particular telemeter or plumb staff, having comprising an inclinometer according to Claim 1.</u>

the method comprising the steps of:

- focusing of the wavefront (WF2, WF3, WF4) onto the detector (3', 3", 3""),detector;

- recording of the signals of the detector (3', 3", 3""), detector; and

evaluation of - evaluating of the signals and determination of determining of the inclination of the device; by the evaluation unit (9', 9", 9""),

eharacterized in that, on evaluation wherein during the evaluating of the signals, information about the wavefront (WF2, WF3, WF4), in particular the form function of the wavefront (WF2, WF3, WF4), wavefront is derived.

- 14. (Currently Amended) Method-The method according to Claim 13, eharacterized in that, on evaluation wherein, during the evaluating of the signals, an analysis of the deviation of the wavefront (WF2, WF3, WF4) from the wavefront (WF1) before an interaction with the medium is effected.
- 15. (Currently Amended) Method The method according to Claim 13, characterized in that, on wherein, during the recording of the signals and/or on evaluation during the evaluating of the signals, a reconstruction of the wavefront (WF1) before an interaction of the medium (6, 6') is effected.
- 16. (Currently Amended) Method The method according to Claim 13, eharacterized in that, on wherein, during the recording of the signals and/or on evaluation during the evaluating of the signals, individual image points of the detector (3', 3", 3"") are selected selected, preferably only these image points being used for determining the inclination of the device.
- 17. (Currently Amended) Method-The method according to Claim 13, characterized in that, on wherein, during the evaluation evaluating of the signals, the form function is derived by means of a polynomial approach, in particular using Zernike polynomials.

- 18. (Currently Amended) Method-The method according to Claim 13, eharacterized in that, on-wherein, during the recording of the signals and/or on-during the evaluating evaluation of the signals, different apertures are correlated with one another.
- 19. (Currently Amended) Use of a The method according to Claim 13 being used for compensating vibrations and/or random fluctuations of at least one surface of the medium (6, 6'), in particular owing to convection processes: the medium.

(Currently Amended) Wavefront A wavefront sensor for use in an optical

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inclinometer according to Claim 1, comprising comprising:

\_\_\_\_a camera (8), preferably comprising a CMOS or CCD microcamera, a camera
for recording and converting an-the image into the signals; and

<u>characterized in wherein</u> that at least one diffractive <u>element (14) element</u> is coordinated with the array of <u>microlenses (7).microlenses</u>.

an array of microlenses (7)microlenses,

- 21. (Currently Amended) Wavefront The wavefront sensor according to Claim 20, characterized in wherein that the diffractive element (14) element is a hologram or a grating grating, in particular a Dammann grating.
- 22. (New) The optical inclinometer according to Claim 1, wherein the radiation source is a semiconductor laser or an LED.
- 23. (New) The optical inclinometer according to Claim 1, wherein the detector has a CMOS microcamera or CCD microcamera.
- 24. (New) The optical inclinometer according to Claim 7, wherein the orientation of the detector surface is parallel to a surface of the medium.
- 25. (New) The optical inclinometer according to Claim 8, wherein the common base is a circuit board.

- 26. (New) The optical inclinometer according to Claim 11, wherein the at least one diffractive and/or optical-gradient element is a Fresnel lens.
- 27. (New) The optical inclinometer according to Claim 12, wherein the geodetic device is a telemeter or a plumb staff.
- 28. (New) The method according to Claim 13, for measuring the inclination of a device, wherein the device is a geodetic device.
- 29. (New) The method according to Claim 13, wherein the radiation source is a semiconductor laser or an LED.
- 30. (New) The method according to Claim 13, wherein the information about the wavefront is a form function of the wavefront.
- 31. (New) The method according to Claim 13, wherein the detector has a CMOS microcamera or a CCD microcamera.
- 32. (New) The method according to Claim 16, wherein only the individual image points are used for determining the inclination of the device.
- 33. (New) The method according to Claim 17, wherein the polynomial approach uses Zernike polynomials.
- 35. (New) The wavefront sensor according to Claim 20, wherein the camera includes a CMOS microcamera or a CCD microcamera.
- 36. (New) The wavefront sensor according to Claim 21, wherein the diffractive element is a Dammann grating.